Conflict of Interest - Centres

Conflict of Interest Policy - Centres

Policy Statement

The purpose of this policy is to set out for Centres:

- · Potential situations where conflicts of interest may arise
- Actions that should be taken by Centres to identify, record and manage conflicts of interest
- How TLM will manage conflicts of interest

At the end of each section are references to the documents you will need, the documents we will use and Ofqual's General Conditions of Recognition that apply (<u>Ofqual conditions of recognition handbook</u> [1], <u>Arrangements with Third Parties</u> [2], <u>General Conditions for Regulated Qualification</u> [3]s).. All related documents are available on our website.

Potential situations where conflicts of interest may arise

A conflict of interest is a situation in which an individual, or organisation, has competing interests or loyalties. In the case of an individual, the conflict of interest could compromise or appear to compromise their decisions if it is not properly managed.

There are a few situations where conflicts of interest can arise. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Where both training delivery and assessment roles sit within one organisation
- An individual may have a role within a Centre which conflicts with their interests in another organisation
- An individual may have competing personal and professional interests
- An individual may have financial interests which potentially conflict with regulatory requirements

The existence of such interests as those outlined above does not necessarily imply conflict but is likely to give an appearance of conflict and as such all should be declared.

Actions that should be taken by centres

1. Identification of conflicts of interest

TLM will deliver training to Centres about conflicts of interest and guidance material is available. Centres must attend such training and use support material provided by TLM.

Centres must then in turn, maintain a programme of training and staff awareness activities to facilitate appropriate levels of awareness and associated risks. This will enable Centres to assess and appropriately manage both perceived and real, conflicts of interest.

Centres need to actively and routinely, review staff and governance roles to assess the likelihood of each individual either having or giving the appearance of having, a conflict of interest. Roles might

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include but may not be limited to:

- Teachers
- Trainers
- Exam officers
- Assessors
- Quality assurance staff
- Invigilators
- · Staff with access to confidential assessment materials
- Senior staff in Centres including Governors, Managers, Directors who can use their authority in a Centre to influence the behaviour of staff involved in assessment processes

The general principle is that individuals should disclose any interest, financial or otherwise, which is likely or would, if publicly known, be perceived as being likely to influence the exercise of independent judgement.

All Centre staff must be issued with a conflict of interest form to complete on commencement with the organisation and it must be a requirement of their contract that this is completed and updated on an annual basis. The form is to be completed even when the individual has no conflict of interest to declare.

If the individual concerned has any changes to their declared circumstances concerning conflicts of interest, they must inform their line manager immediately in writing.

2. Recording conflicts of interest

Centres should transfer all the information held on the conflict of interest forms to a register of interests' document which is maintained by a designated person at the TLM approved centre or TLM recognised provider. This should be available for review by TLM upon request.

When changes to declared circumstances arise, the register of interests' document must be updated by the Centre so that the conflict of interest can be evaluated.

3. Management of conflicts of interest

The information submitted must then be evaluated by the Centre, to identify if any further action is required and a written record of the outcome of the evaluation must be kept.

Most situations will require no further action other than the completion of the conflict of interest form. In some instances, however, the information declared on the form will require some follow up action, for the conflict of interest to be managed appropriately.

The approach taken to manage the conflict of interest, will be documented by the Centre and held with the conflict of interest forms.

Examples of actions that could be taken:

- Individual not taking part in discussions or decisions of certain matters
- Referring certain matters for decision to others with no vested interest
- Individual agreeing not to be involved in an activity or removal of access to certain materials
 Individual declaring an interest at times when it is appropriate to do so

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- Referring the matter to TLM for advice and guidance.

Centres must keep all records relating to the identification, recording and management of conflicts of interest for a minimum of one year after results have been issued for the relevant assessment activity or examination series or until all certificates have been awarded. Centres need to be able to make such records available to TLM upon request.

How TLM will manage conflicts of interest

1. Our obligations

TLM is an Ofqual recognised awarding organisation and as such, is subject to Conditions of Recognition. These describe obligations to manage conflicts of interest:

Definition of conflict of interest

- 1. A4.1 For the purposes of this condition, a conflict of interest exists in relation to an awarding organisation where
 - 1. (a) its interests in any activity undertaken by it, on its behalf, or by a member of its Group have the potential to lead it to act contrary to its interests in the development, delivery and award of qualifications in accordance with its Conditions of Recognition,
 - 2. (b) a person who is connected to the development, delivery or award of qualifications by the awarding organisation has interests in any other activity which have the potential to lead that person to act contrary to his or her interests in that development, delivery or award in accordance with the awarding organisation's Conditions of Recognition, or
 - 3. (c) an informed and reasonable observer would conclude that either of these situations was the case.

Identifying conflicts of interest

- 1. A4.2 An awarding organisation must identify and monitor -
 - 1. (a) all conflicts of interest which relate to it, and
 - 2. (b) any scenario in which it is reasonably foreseeable that any such conflict of interest will arise in the future.

A4.3 An awarding organisation must establish and maintain an up to date record of all conflicts of interest which relate to it.

Managing conflicts of interest

A4.4 An awarding organisation must take all reasonable steps to ensure that no conflict of interest which relates to it has an Adverse Effect.

A4.5 Where such a conflict of interest has had an Adverse Effect, the awarding organisation must take all reasonable steps to mitigate the Adverse Effect as far as possible and correct it.

Interests in assessment

A4.6 An awarding organisation must take all reasonable steps to avoid any part of the assessment of a Learner (including by way of Moderation) being undertaken by any person who has a personal interest in the result of the assessment.

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The written conflict of interest policy

A4.8 An awarding organisation must establish, maintain, and at all times comply with an up to date written conflict of interest policy, which must include procedures on how the awarding organisation intends to comply with the requirements of this condition.

A4.9 When requested to do so by Ofqual in writing, an awarding organisation must promptly submit to Ofqual its conflict of interest policy and must subsequently ensure that the policy complies with any requirements which Ofqual has communicated to it in writing.

2. Our approach

TLM's Centre agreements set out clearly all obligations on Centres to manage conflicts of interest. TLM will highlight the need for Centre staff to fully understand their responsibilities to identify, record, monitor and manage all conflicts of interest during Centre visits, Workshops and training sessions. All these sessions are audio recorded. It is a condition of Centre approval that all staff who have an account on the TLM Markbook attend at least one training session or Workshop or receive a Centre visit every academic year.

We require each Centre to make available to us its register of interests' document upon request.

The Annexes below include documentation that TLM advise Centres to use. Centres can tailor the documents or add additional elements, but the core content must be included – this is one of TLM's Centre agreement requirements.

Appendix 1: Conflict of Interest Declaration

Actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest could arise from any of the following (the list is not exhaustive – please indicate any possible interest that you may have):

- Previous or current employment at a TLM centre as a tutor or programme manager
- Appointment to a board, committee, tribunal panel, etc. of TLM or a TLM centre
- Membership of a professional body with an interest in the development, delivery or award of qualifications
- Contractual relationship with TLM, e.g. consultants
- Personal or professional relationship with a candidate who is undertaking a TLM qualification

Full Name	
Job Role	
Centre Name	
Centre Number	
Address	
Telephone number	

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Email Address	
Eman Auuress	

Information for declaration must include:

- The type of interest
- The nature of the interest
- A description of all parties involved in the interest (financial or non- financial) and any other relevant information, e.g. name of candidate.

Declaration

I declare that I will not assess, invigilate or internally verify any candidate or their assessments if approval against the above conflict of interest is withheld by TLM.

Signed: Date:

Appendix 2: Conflict of Interest: Change in Circumstance

Individuals remain under a continuing obligation to declare conflicts of interests as they arise. Therefore, should circumstances change after completion of the initial declaration, or a new situation arises, all information must be promptly disclosed to TLM.

Full Name	
Job Role	
Centre Name	
Centre Number	
Address	
Telephone number	
Email Address	

Information for declaration must include:

• The type of interest

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- The nature of the interest
- A description of all parties involved in the interest (financial or non- financial) and any other relevant information, e.g. name of candidate.

Declaration			

I acknowledge that the above interests exist and to the best of my knowledge have provided all the information regarding the change in circumstance.

Signed: Date:

Appendix 3: Register of Interests

TLM require that this document is maintained routinely and available to it upon request.

Centre Name			
Centre Number			
Address			
Telephone number			
Email Address			
Date document provided to TLM			

Full Name			Nature of interest (brief description)	Reviewed by	Action	taken
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Source URL: https://theingots.org/community/COI-CENTRES

Links

- [1] https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ofqual-handbook
- [2] https://theingots.org/community/ofqual_policies
- [3] https://theingots.org/community/ofqualGR